

與生物資料庫的連結

## **Annotation Database**

通常在已知的生物資料庫(GO or KEGG)，都會提供sql檔或純文字檔的資料下載，更新的動作通常是一個禮拜一次，部分特殊的格式(ex. cvs of GO)，則是一天更新一次。

大部分的使用方式，都是下載那些資料後，用字串處理的方式將database經由parser處理成自己想使用的格式，再串接到mysql及php去使用。

bioconductor爲了R的使用者，建了一些Model animal的annotation database提供使用者下載使用，但因爲是整合性資料，所以更新時間不定。

而現在R有提供的annotation database主要有以下幾種:

[org.Hs.eg.db](#)

[org.Mm.eg.db](#)

[org.Rn.eg.db](#)

[org.Sc.sgd.db](#)

[org.Dm.eg.db](#)

[org.Pf.plasmo.db](#)

# Summary

先從<http://eln.iis.sinica.edu.tw/www/?q=node/28>下載human gene list(unigene)

以R安裝package的方式安裝好相對應的packages

先將unigene轉成ncbi的Entrez Gene ID，以便查詢GO and KEGG annotations

使用org.Hs.eg.db裡面的對應資料庫抓取各基因的GO and KEGG id  
如果需要知道annotation name...才需要對應GO 及KEGG資料庫

另外做出對應的annotation所具有的DEGs資料庫

# read a dataset

先從網路上下載事先準備好的dataset，來進行以下查詢GO與KEGG的資料

需要的package…” “org. Hs. eg. db” (6/5/2009), ” “GO. db” , ” “KEGG. db”

```
library('org.Hs.eg.db')  
library('GO.db')  
library('KEGG.db')  
library('annotate')
```

先將需要的package讀入記憶體

```
DEGs <- scan("c:/unigene_gh_0001_5",what = character(0),sep='\n')
```

output

將已經下載的gene list讀入R

```
Read 417 items  
> a  
[1] "Hs.571748" "Hs.375090" "Hs.407083" "Hs.629427" "Hs.504534" "Hs.97300"  
[7] "Hs.179675" "Hs.201854" "Hs.21816" "Hs.526879" "Hs.270364" "Hs.452702"  
[13] "Hs.587362" "Hs.497589" "Hs.642615" "Hs.29190" "Hs.546239" "Hs.642674"  
[19] "Hs.284122" "Hs.152213" "Hs.130313" "Hs.599993" "Hs.97849" "Hs.144795"  
[25] "Hs.21380" "Hs.194408" "Hs.587035" "Hs.558685" "Hs.617346" "Hs.592086"  
[31] "Hs.574436" "Hs.586321" "Hs.569037" "Hs.127648" "Hs.369771" "Hs.612155"
```

# **org.Hs.eg.db**

是一個由NCBI提供，用來做id mapping及biological annotation查詢的工具

裡面包括許多mapping的環境，我們會使用到的  
有”org. Hs. egUNIGENE2EG”，”org. Hs. egGO” 跟”org. Hs. egPATH”

org. Hs. egUNIGENE2EG…將Unigene id對應回去Entrez Gene ID  
org. Hs. egGO…查詢Entrez Gene ID所標記的Gene Ontology ID  
org. Hs. egPATH…查詢Entrez Gene ID所標記的KEGG pathway ID

```
DEGs_EG =list() #建立空的list
#分別將各個DEGs對應出其EG ID
for(i in 1:length(DEGs)){
  EG=org.Hs.egUNIGENE2EG[[DEGs[i]]]
  if(!is.null(EG)){
    DEGs_EG[[DEGs[i]]]=EG
  }
}
```

```
> DEGs_EG
$Hs.375090
[1] "128859"

$Hs.407083
[1] "339778"

$Hs.504534
[1] "63035" "84766"
```

```
> length(DEGs_EG)
[1] 321
```

## find GO annotation

```
GOID=list()
for(i in 1:length(DEGs_EG)){
    for(j in 1:length(DEGs_EG[[i]])){
        GOs=org.Hs.egGO[[DEGs_EG[[i]][[j]]]]
        if(!is.na(GOs[1])){
            for(k in 1:length(GOs)){
                GOID[[names(DEGs_EG[i])]]=append(GOID[[names(DEGs_EG[i])]],GOs[[k]][['GOID']])
            }
        }
    }
}
```

以上則是用for loop將DEGs\_EG所對應出來的Entrez Gene ID，利用org. Hs. egGO查詢出所標記的GO ID，再將其歸屬給原來的Unigene ID

```
> GOID
$Hs.375090
[1] "GO:0005576" "GO:0008289"

$Hs.504534
[1] "GO:0006350" "GO:0006355" "GO:0016568" "GO:0005634" "GO:0005509"

$Hs.179675
[1] "GO:0016021" "GO:0003674"

$Hs.21816
[1] "GO:0007015" "GO:0007275" "GO:0007399" "GO:0030154" "GO:0005737"
[6] "GO:0005856" "GO:0019717" "GO:0030054" "GO:0030175" "GO:0030864"
[11] "GO:0043197" "GO:0045202" "GO:0005515" "GO:0003779"
```

```
> length(GOID)
[1] 301
```

## How to get Gene Ontology names

```
getGOTerm(GOID[[4]]) #直接以第幾個gene做查詢
```

```
getGOTerm(GOID[['Hs.21816']]) #直接以基因名作查詢
```

```
$BP
GO:0007015
"actin filament organization"
GO:0007275
"multicellular organismal development"
GO:0007399
"nervous system development"
GO:0030154
"cell differentiation"

$CC
GO:0005737 GO:0005856
"cytoplasm" "cytoskeleton"
GO:0019717 GO:0030054
"synapsosome" "cell junction"
GO:0030175 GO:0030864
"filopodium" "cortical actin cytoskeleton"
GO:0043197 GO:0045202
"dendritic spine" "synapse"

$MF
GO:0005515 GO:0003779
"protein binding" "actin binding"
```

# Search DEGs of a GO term

```
gene2goterm=list()
for(i in 1:length(GOID)){
    for(j in 1:length(GOID[[i]])){
        gene2goterm[[GOID[[i]][j]]]=append(gene2goterm[[GOID[[i]][j]]],names(GOID[i]))
    }
}
```

```
> gene2goterm
$`GO:0005576`
[1] "Hs.375090" "Hs.270364" "Hs.497589" "Hs.546239" "Hs.284122" "Hs.524579"
[7] "Hs.512682" "Hs.162807" "Hs.489142" "Hs.489142" "Hs.590921" "Hs.89690"
[13] "Hs.517070" "Hs.255462" "Hs.2719" "Hs.98206" "Hs.98206" "Hs.226268"
[19] "Hs.279611" "Hs.313" "Hs.1722" "Hs.418367" "Hs.500333" "Hs.528721"
[25] "Hs.43125" "Hs.2256" "Hs.432676" "Hs.117938" "Hs.283749" "Hs.283749"
[31] "Hs.100686" "Hs.404466" "Hs.154296" "Hs.486489" "Hs.211604" "Hs.466804"
[37] "Hs.516632" "Hs.97644" "Hs.631946" "Hs.534293" "Hs.439309" "Hs.177576"
[43] "Hs.11782" "Hs.82961" "Hs.421391" "Hs.250959" "Hs.436037" "Hs.95972"
[49] "Hs.518267" "Hs.172928" "Hs.172928" "Hs.513711" "Hs.1408" "Hs.1321"
[55] "Hs.7122" "Hs.529517" "Hs.46452" "Hs.204096" "Hs.30054" "Hs.30054"
[61] "Hs.202686" "Hs.302963" "Hs.438102" "Hs.135254" "Hs.83077" "Hs.121540"
[67] "Hs.234742"

$`GO:0008289`
[1] "Hs.375090"

$`GO:0006350`
[1] "Hs.504534" "Hs.558685" "Hs.163484" "Hs.272215" "Hs.401835" "Hs.444225"
[7] "Hs.156471" "Hs.123119" "Hs.36137" "Hs.22634" "Hs.21861" "Hs.314543"
```

```
gene2goterm['GO:0005730']
```

```
> gene2goterm['GO:0005730']
$`GO:0005730`
[1] "Hs.76392" "Hs.500333" "Hs.460" "Hs.306691" "Hs.2785" "Hs.95972"
[7] "Hs.19404" "Hs.514527"
```

## *find KEGG pathway ID*

```
KEGGID=list()
for(i in 1:length(DEGs_EG)){
    for(j in 1:length(DEGs_EG[[i]])){
        KEGGs=org.Hs.egPATH[[DEGs_EG[[i]][[j]]]]
        if(!is.na(KEGGs[1])){
            KEGGID[[names(DEGs_EG[i])]]=append(KEGGID[[names(DEGs_EG[i])]],KEGGs)
        }
    }
}
```

```
> KEGGID
$Hs.270364
[1] "01430" "04510" "04512" "05060" "05222"

$Hs.642615
[1] "04012" "04510" "04650" "04910" "05214" "05220"

$Hs.284122
[1] "04310"

$Hs.130313
[1] "01430"

$Hs.592086
[1] "00510" "01030"

$Hs.25130
[1] "00512" "01030"
```

```
> length(KEGGID)
[1] 101
```

## *How to get KEGG pathway names*

```
mget(KEGGID[[1]],KEGGPATHID2NAME)
```

```
mget(KEGGID[['Hs.270364']],KEGGPATHID2NAME)
```

```
> mget (KEGGID [[1]] ,KEGGPATHID2NAME)
$ `01430` 
[1] "Cell junctions"

$ `04510` 
[1] "Focal adhesion"

$ `04512` 
[1] "ECM-receptor interaction"

$ `05060` 
[1] "Prion disease"

$ `05222` 
[1] "Small cell lung cancer"
```

*Find the map of KEGG pathway*

[http://www.genome.jp/dbget-bin/www\\_bfind?pathway](http://www.genome.jp/dbget-bin/www_bfind?pathway)

## Search DEGs of a KEGG pathway

```
gene2kegg=list()
for(i in 1:length(KEGGID)){
    for(j in 1:length(KEGGID[[i]])){
        gene2kegg[[KEGGID[[i]][j]]]=append(gene2kegg[[KEGGID[[i]][j]]],names(KEGGID[i]))
    }
}
```

```
> gene2kegg
$`01430`
[1] "Hs.270364" "Hs.130313" "Hs.489142" "Hs.406013" "Hs.313"      "Hs.117938"
[7] "Hs.2785"   "Hs.433845" "Hs.172928" "Hs.80828"  "Hs.41696"

$`04510`
[1] "Hs.270364" "Hs.642615" "Hs.489142" "Hs.313"      "Hs.172928"

$`04512`
[1] "Hs.270364" "Hs.489142" "Hs.313"      "Hs.172928"
```

# GOminer

<http://discover.nci.nih.gov/gominer/htgm.jsp>

 Application Build: 214 Database Build: 2008-04

Home High-Throughput Getting Started Requirements Installation Downloads Command Line Database FAQ News Citing GoMiner in Pap

## Downloads

This page lists some of the most common file downloads for GoMiner.

[gominer.jar](#)

The application file (without bundled database) for GUI GoMiner and accompanying command-line interface.



**GoMiner Start Up Panel**

Database	all (default)
Organism(s)	all (default)
Data Source(s)	all (default)
Evidence Code(s)	all (default)

Lookup Settings:  Enhanced Names (UniProt Only)  Synonym  Cross Reference

View Settings:  View All Genes and their Categories)  Hide Genes  View All GO Categories

Total:	Browse	Auto-generate	
Changed:	Browse	Same as total	
	Process	Restore defaults	Exit

# **BiNGO**

# BINGO

Latest update of Ontologies/Annotations : August 5th 2008

Current version : BiNGO 2.3 (com)

If you use BiNGO in your research, pl

Maere, S., Heymans, K. and Kuiper, M. (2005) Overrepresentation of Gene Ontology categories for overrepresented genes. *Bioinformatics* 21, 3448-3449. ([PubMed](#))

